# ST. MARY'S COLLEGE OF MARYLAND (A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND)

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

**YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 AND 2023** 



# ST. MARY'S COLLEGE OF MARYLAND TABLE OF CONTENTS YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 AND 2023

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Trustees St. Mary's College of Maryland St. Mary's City, Maryland

# Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities and the aggregate discretely presented component units of St. Mary's College of Maryland (the College), a component unit of the state of Maryland, as of and for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the College's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based on our audits and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and the aggregate discretely presented component units of the College, as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We did not audit the financial statements of the St. Mary's College of Maryland Boat Foundation, Inc., which represents 1.8 percent, 1.8 percent, and 6.9 percent, respectively, of the assets, net assets, and revenues of the aggregate discretely presented units as of June 30, 2024. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the St. Mary's College of Maryland Boat Foundation, Inc. is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

# **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of St. Mary's College of Maryland and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

# Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about St. Mary's College of Maryland's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

# Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
  to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
  procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
  in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of St. Mary's College of Maryland's internal control. Accordingly, no
  such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about St. Mary's College of Maryland's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

# Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, and Schedule of Contributions for the Pension Plan and Schedule of Contributions for the Other Postemployment Benefits Plan as listed in the accompanying table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audits of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Baltimore, Maryland January 6, 2025

# Overview of the Financial Statements and Financial Analysis

St. Mary's College of Maryland (the College) is pleased to present its financial statements for fiscal years 2024 and 2023, and 2022 prior-year data for comparative purposes. There are three financial statements presented for each fiscal year: the Statements of Net Position; the Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position; and Statements of Cash Flows.

The discussion and analysis of the College's financial statements provide an overview of its financial activities for the year. This discussion has been prepared by management. The discussion and analysis is designed to focus on current activities and current known facts.

#### **Statements of Net Position**

The Statements of Net Position present the assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows and net position of the College as of the end of each fiscal year. The purpose of the Statements of Net Position is to present to the readers of the financial statements a financial snapshot of the College. The Statements of Net Position present end-of-year data concerning assets and deferred outflows (current and noncurrent), liabilities and deferred inflows (current and noncurrent), and net position (fund balances). From the data presented, readers of the Statements of Net Position are able to determine the assets available to continue the operations of the College. They are also able to determine how much the College owes vendors (accounts payable), investors (bonds payable) and banks (notes payable). Finally, the Statements of Net Position provide a picture of the net position and the availability for expenditure by the College.

# **Condensed Statements of Net Position (in thousands of dollars)**

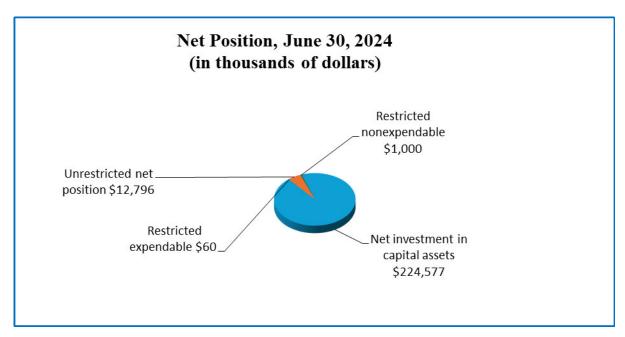
	As of					
	June	e 30, 2024	4 June 30, 2023		Jun	e 30, 2022
Assets:			'	_		_
Current Assets	\$	30,347	\$	27,203	\$	45,455
Noncurrent Assets, Net		265,582		261,572		236,115
Total Assets		295,929		288,776		281,570
Deferred Outflow of Resources:						
Deferred Charge on Refunding		1,202		1,306		1,410
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions		5,429		4,297		4,598
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of						
Resources		302,560		294,378		287,578
Liabilities:						
Current Liabilities		10,828		10,842		12,502
Noncurrent Liabilities		52,506		51,439		49,353
Total Liabilities		63,333		62,281		61,855
Deferred Inflow of Resources:						
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions		793		1,343		5,987
Net Position:						
Net Investment in Capital Assets		224,577		222,166		204,697
Restricted - Nonexpendable		1,000		1,000		1,000
Restricted - Expendable		60		110		110
Unrestricted		12,796		7,479		13,929
Total Net Position	\$	238,433	\$	230,755	\$	219,736

# **Statements of Net Position (Continued)**

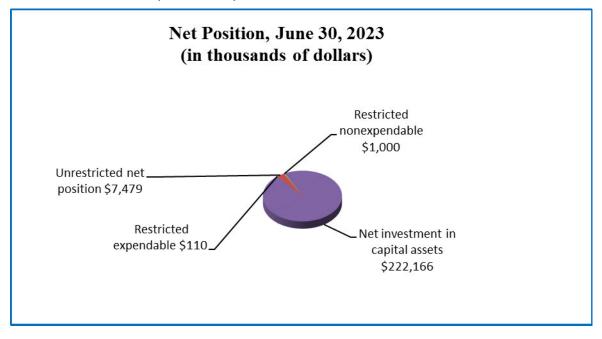
The total assets and deferred outflows of the College increased by \$8.2 million in 2024 from 2023. This increase was primarily due to an increase of \$4 million in noncurrent assets, primarily related to State funded Capital Assets. The total liabilities and deferred inflows for the year increased by \$0.5 million. This combination of an increase in total assets and deferred outflows of \$8.2 million and a decrease in total liabilities and deferred inflows of \$0.5 million resulted in an increase in total net position of \$7.7 million.

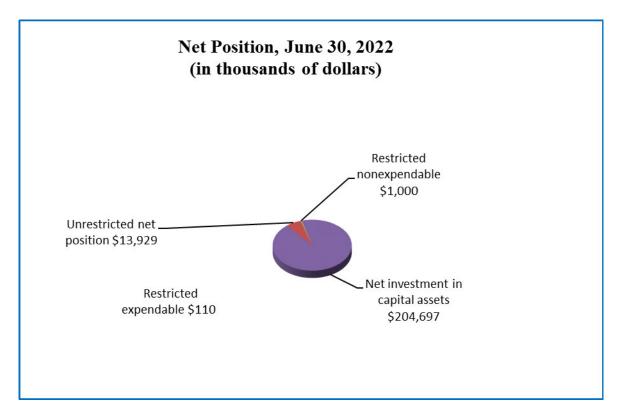
The total assets and deferred outflows of the College increased by \$6.8 million in 2023 from 2022. This increase was primarily due to an increase of \$25.5 million in noncurrent assets, primarily related to State funded Capital Assets. The total liabilities and deferred inflows for the year decreased by \$4.2 million. This combination of an increase in total assets and deferred outflows of \$6.8 million and a decrease in total liabilities and deferred inflows of \$4.2 million resulted in an increase in total net position of \$11.0 million.

Net position is divided into three major categories. The first category, net investment in capital assets, includes the College's equity in property, plant and equipment owned by the College. The next category is restricted, which is divided into two subcategories, nonexpendable and expendable. The corpus of nonexpendable restricted resources is only available for investment purposes. Expendable restricted net position is available for use by the College but must be spent only for purposes specified by donors. The final category is unrestricted net position, which is available to be expended for any lawful purpose of the College. The following graphs detail net position by category held by the College as of June 30, 2024, 2023, and 2022, respectively.



# **Statements of Net Position (Continued)**





# Statements of Net Position (continued)

The breakdown of unrestricted net position with comparisons to the last two previous years is shown below:

# **Breakdown of Unrestricted Net Position (in thousands of dollars)**

	As of June 30,					
		2024		2023		2022
Encumbrances and Carryovers for General Operating		_				_
Purposes	\$	2,940	\$	2,061	\$	2,399
Encumbrances for Capital Projects		10,635		10,002		10,963
Funds Designated for Current Plant Projects		2,238		1,999		2,428
Funds Designated for Future Plant Projects		1,662		1,575		1,436
Funds Functioning as Endowments		4,828		4,342		4,081
Unrestricted Funds for General Operating Purposes		7,530		1,903		2,594
Net Pension Liability and Related Deferred						
Outflows/Inflows		(17,037)		(14,403)		(9,972)
Total I Investment at Not Desition	Φ	10.700	Φ	7 470	Ф	42.000
Total Unrestricted Net Position	<u> </u>	12,796	ф	7,479	<u> </u>	13,929

# Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

Changes in total net position as presented on the Statements of Net Position are based on the activity presented in the Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position. The purpose of the statements is to present the revenues received by the College, both operating and nonoperating, and the expenses paid by the College, operating and nonoperating, and any other revenues, expenses, gains, and losses received or incurred by the College.

Generally speaking, operating revenues are received for providing goods and services to the various customers and constituencies of the College. Operating expenses are those expenses paid to acquire or produce the goods and services provided in return for the operating revenues, and to carry out the mission of the College. Nonoperating revenues are generated by incidental activities, gifts and subsidies. The financial reporting model classifies State appropriations and gifts to the College as nonoperating revenues. Public higher education's dependency on State aid results in an operating deficit. The utilization of long-lived assets, referred to as capital assets, is reflected in the financial statements as depreciation. Depreciation indicates that the College is "using up" long-term assets, such as buildings, over time.

# Condensed Statements of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position (in thousands of dollars):

	For the Years Ended				
	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022		
Operating Revenues:					
Tuition and Fees, Less Scholarships and Waivers	\$ 19,780	\$18,349	\$ 17,915		
Grants and Contracts	6,465	4,323	1,879		
Sales and Services of Educational Departments	1,154	960	366		
Auxiliary Enterprises	19,647	17,762	17,065		
Other Operating Revenues	175	150	173		
Total Operating Revenues	47,220	41,544	37,399		
Operating Expenses	95,102	86,281	76,518		
Operating Loss	(47,882)	(44,737)	(39,119)		
Nonoperating Revenues:					
State Appropriations	40,733	33,485	30,159		
Other Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	3,341	3,632	4,699		
Net Nonoperating Revenues	44,073	37,117	34,858		
Loss Before Other Revenues, Expenses,					
Gains, and Losses	(3,809)	(7,620)	(4,261)		
Capital Appropriations	11,487	18,639	27,088		
Increase in Net Position	7,678	11,019	22,826		
Net Position - Beginning of Year	230,755	219,736	196,910		
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 238,433	\$ 230,755	\$ 219,736		

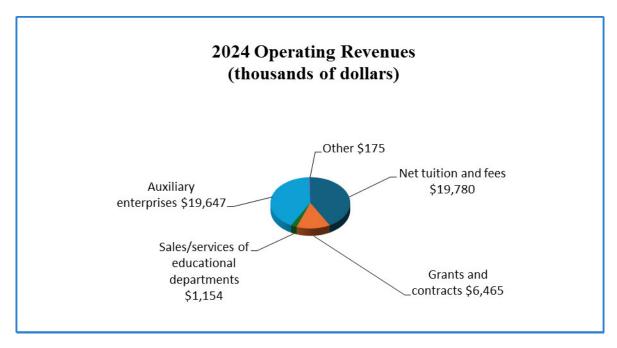
# Summary of Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

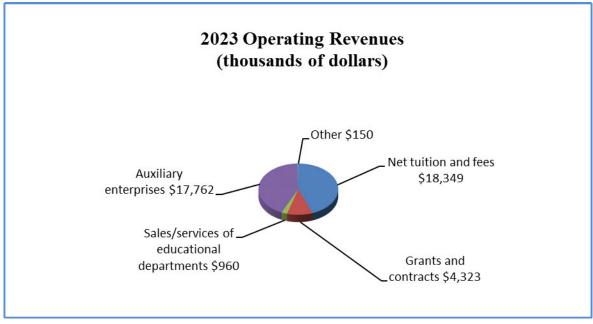
Net position increased by \$7.7 million, or 3.3%, for 2024. The increase resulted primarily from increased operating revenues and state appropriations. Operating expenses increased by \$8.8 million, nonoperating and capital state appropriation decreased by \$7.2 million. Additionally, \$2.3 million in direct assistance provided by the St. Mary's College of Maryland Foundation to College departments has been included in nonoperating revenue in 2024.

Net position increased by \$11 million, or 5.0%, for 2023. The increase resulted primarily from increased operating revenues and state appropriations. Operating expenses increased by \$9.8 million, nonoperating and capital state appropriation decreased by \$8.4 million. Additionally, \$2.6 million in direct assistance provided by the St. Mary's College of Maryland Foundation to College departments has been included in nonoperating revenue in 2023.

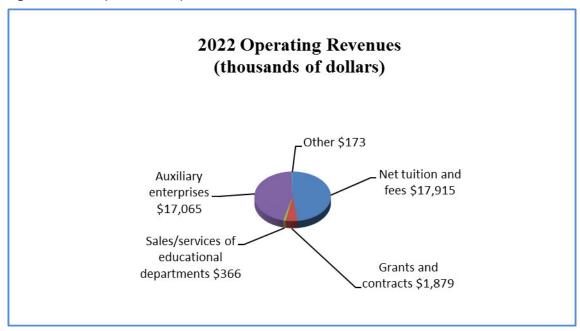
# **Operating Revenues**

Total operating revenues for fiscal year 2024, were \$47.2 million. The graphs below show comparisons of operating revenues for fiscal years 2024, 2023, and 2022:





# **Operating Revenues (Continued)**



#### **Tuition and Fees**

Tuition and fees, less scholarships and waivers, of \$19.8 million, accounted for 42% of total operating revenue and increased 8% from 2023 to 2024, primarily due to an increase in the number of students. Scholarships provided to students with College funds are often referred to as a tuition discount, or simply as discounting.

Tuition and fees, less scholarships and waivers, of \$18.3 million, accounted for 44% of total operating revenue and increased 2% from 2022 to 2023, primarily due to an increase in the number of students and increased scholarship discount. Scholarships provided to students with College funds are often referred to as a tuition discount, or simply as discounting.

### **Grants and Contracts**

This category includes all restricted revenues made available by government agencies as well as private agencies. Grant revenues are recorded only to the extent that a claim to resources has been established.

## **Auxiliary Enterprises**

Auxiliary enterprises consist of various departments that exist primarily to furnish goods or services to students, faculty, staff, or the general public and charge a fee directly related to the cost of those goods or services. They are intended to be self-supporting. The College's largest auxiliary enterprises include residence halls, dining services, and the campus store. The operating expenses for auxiliary enterprises include depreciation and utilities. Auxiliary Enterprise revenues for 2021 were impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic. The College re-opened successfully for the academic year 2021 with students having the choice to live on campus and attend classes either in-person or remotely. Some students chose to participate in on-line classroom activities and not live on campus leading to lower than normal residential operations.

### Sales and Services of Educational Activities

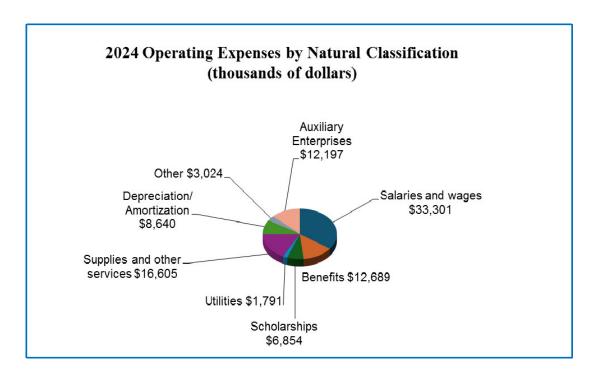
Other operating revenues consist of sales and services of educational activities totaling \$1.2 million and \$1.0 million in 2024 and 2023, respectively. Examples of educational activity include conferences and study abroad fees.

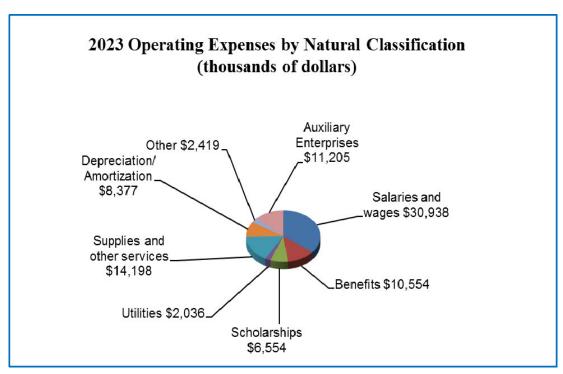
# **Operating Expenses**

Operating expenses for 2024, totaled \$95.1 million, of which \$22.5 million or 24% was for instruction. Operating expenses include salaries and benefits of \$46.0 million, scholarships and grants of \$6.9 million, nonauxiliary utilities of \$1.8 million, supplies and other services of \$16.6 million, and depreciation and amortization of \$8.6 million. Depreciation of capital goods is carried as an accounting item; however, it does not require any cash outlay on behalf of the College. Depreciation indicates how much of the College's physical plant is being "consumed" each year.

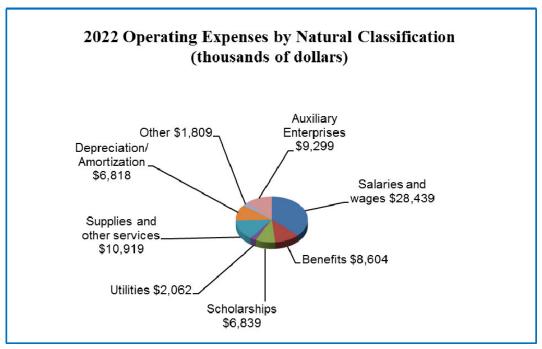
Operating expenses for 2023, totaled \$86.3 million, of which \$21.4 million or 25% was for instruction. Operating expenses include salaries and benefits of \$41.5 million, scholarships and grants of \$6.5 million, nonauxiliary utilities of \$2.0 million, supplies and other services of \$14.1 million, and depreciation and amortization of \$8.4 million. Depreciation of capital goods is carried as an accounting item; however, it does not require any cash outlay on behalf of the College. Depreciation indicates how much of the College's physical plant is being "consumed" each year.

# **Operating Expenses (Continued)**





# **Operating Expenses (Continued)**



# **State Appropriation**

The largest inflow in the noncapital financing activities group is the state appropriation of \$40.7 million and \$33.5 million in 2024 and 2023, respectively. The legislation governing the provision of state support to St. Mary's College of Maryland, Annotated Code of Maryland 14-405 (b)(2)(ii), requires the governor of Maryland to submit an appropriation request to the legislature equal to the prior year's budgeted amount plus an amount equal to the implicit price deflator for state and local government. In recent years, the implicit price deflator has provided an increase to the College's appropriation that has ranged between 1.0 - 2.5%. Additionally, adjustments for health insurance cost changes for state supported positions as well as 50% of COLA related wage changes are provided. The state appropriation provides approximately 40% of the operating budget for the College.

# **Investment Income, Net**

Included in investment gains/losses and interest income (investment income, net) are the earnings from pooled cash held at the state, funds functioning as endowment investments, other investments, and the unrealized gains and losses on those investments. These funds will be used to support future needs as determined by the board of trustees.

#### **Statements of Cash Flows**

The financial statements presented by St. Mary's College of Maryland include the Statements of Cash Flows. One important factor to consider when evaluating financial viability is the College's ability to meet financial obligations as they mature. The College's cash and cash equivalents provide the day-to-day resources to pay for a variety of expenses.

The Statements of Cash Flows present detailed information about the cash activity of the College during the year. The statement is divided into five parts. The first part deals with operating cash flows and shows the net cash used by the operating activities of the College. The second section reflects cash flows from noncapital financing activities. This section includes the cash activity resulting from state appropriations, grant activity, and other nonoperating cash flows. The third section deals with the cash flows from capital and related financing activities. This section deals with the cash used for the acquisition and construction of capital assets and related items. The fourth section reflects the cash flows from investing activities including the interest received from investing activities. The final section reconciles the net cash used in operations to the operating income or loss reflected on the Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position. Below is a condensed version of the four sections of the Statements of Cash Flow.

# **Condensed Statements of Cash Flows-Direct Method (in thousands of dollars)**

	Jun	e 30, 2024	Jun	e 30, 2023	Jun	e 30, 2022
Cash and Cash Equivalents from:		_		_		_
Operating Activities	\$	(37,806)	\$	(38,367)	\$	(31,612)
Noncapital Financing Activities		42,619		36,859		36,608
Capital and Related Financing Activities		(6,599)		(6,105)		(7,846)
Investing Activities		4,679		(10,539)		354
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents		2,893		(18,152)		(2,496)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year		25,799		43,951		46,447
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year	\$	28,692	\$	25,799	\$	43,951

# **Campus Enrollment**

Declining demographics with fewer graduating high school students over the past decade and market preferences continue to challenge College enrollment levels over the past few years. However, in Maryland the number of graduating high school seniors is expected to increase through 2025. The College is engaged in a variety of proactive initiatives to increase enrollment that include changes in personnel, changes in marketing and recruitment activities, and revising our educational programs to become more attractive to the market. In fact, the college matriculated the largest entering class in a decade in Fall 2023.

# **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

Capital additions totaled \$14.9 million in fiscal year 2024. Capital additions were primarily comprised of the purchase of equipment and construction in progress. Current year capital additions were funded primarily with State capital appropriations of \$11.5 million, student paid facility fee revenues, and unrestricted net position which are designated for capital purposes. The principal balance of revenue bond and notes payable decreased by \$2.5 million, for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Capital additions totaled \$21.9 million in fiscal year 2023. Capital additions were primarily comprised of the purchase of equipment and construction in progress. Current year capital additions were funded primarily with State capital appropriations of \$17.7 million, student paid facility fee revenues, and unrestricted net position which are designated for capital purposes. The principal balance of revenue bond and notes payable decreased by \$2.6 million, for the year ended June 30, 2023.

For additional information concerning capital assets and debt administration, see notes 8 through 9 in the notes to the financial statements.

# **Factors and Events Impacting Future Periods**

The College met its recruiting goals for the 23/24 fiscal year and showed increased levels of applications and acceptances over each of the prior two years. For the Fall 2024 semester even with the lower number of first time first year students due to the flawed rollout of the new Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA), the College enrollment numbers have increased by 44 students due to increased retention.

# **Factors and Events Impacting Future Periods (Continued)**

The level of state support, employee and retiree benefits, holding student fee flat, holding student tuition flat for four (5) consecutive years, enrollment trends and unstable energy costs impact the College's ability to expand programs, undertake new initiatives, and meet its ongoing operational needs. Enrollment and recruiting new students are increasingly competitive in our market segment. The number of student applications for Fall 2024 is higher than Fall 2023 reflecting increased success in recruitment efforts.

A crucial element to the College's future will continue to be our relationship with the State of Maryland, as we work to manage tuition to make it competitive while providing an outstanding honors college education for our students.

There is also a direct relationship between the growth of State support and the College's ability to control tuition growth, as declines in State appropriations generally result in increased tuition levels. The level of support is therefore one of the key factors influencing the College's financial condition. During the 2018 Legislative session, the College was able to reset its funding formula to include funds for health insurance costs and 50% of cost-of-living adjustments (COLA) for state supported employees through the passage of House Bill 556. House Bill 556 also expresses legislative intent to provide funds to the College to moderate undergraduate resident tuition increases if the State provides such funds to other public four-year institutions. Additionally, with legislation passed during the 2022 legislative session, the College now receives 100% of any state-supported cost of living adjustment (COLA).

Priority needs and requirements for support of academic programs, faculty and staff compensation, facility infrastructure renewal, modernization of traditional residence halls, and new technology remain significant challenges facing the College in the years to come. The College is engaged in an internal, preliminary, master planning phase. The focus of this preliminary phase is to involve the campus community, build upon previous planning goals and objectives, and to identify new initiatives and building projects.

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of St. Mary's College finances for all those with an interest in the Colleges finances. Questions concerning any additional information should be addressed to the Assistant Vice President for Finance, St. Mary's College of Maryland, 18952 E. Fisher Road, St. Mary's City, MD 20686-3001; or mkgrube@smcm.edu.

# ST. MARY'S COLLEGE OF MARYLAND STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2024 AND 2023

	2024	2023
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 27,736,183	\$ 21,283,939
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	954,897	4,514,604
Accounts Receivable, Net	1,347,617	1,113,789
Inventories	246,128	261,125
Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets Total Current Assets	 62,362 30,347,187	 30,024 27,203,481
Total Current Assets	30,347,107	27,203,401
NONCURRENT ASSETS		
Endowment Investments	4,827,738	4,342,257
Other Investments	9,253,761	11,979,636
Notes Receivable, Net	30,785	94,481
Capital Assets, Net	 251,469,416	 245,155,800
Total Noncurrent Assets	 265,581,700	 261,572,174
Total Assets	295,928,887	288,775,655
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred Charge on Refunding	1,201,920	1,305,766
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions	 5,428,797	 4,297,055
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	302,559,604	294,378,476
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
·		
CURRENT LIABILITIES	E 222 440	E 000 70E
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities Accrued Vacation Costs	5,333,440 1,511,933	5,069,735 1,383,411
Accrued Workers' Compensation, Current Portion	43,050	46,050
Bonds and Notes Payable, Current	2,265,295	2,535,294
Lease Liability, Current	342,459	340,672
Subscription Liability, Current	473,692	525,512
Unearned Revenue	 857,702	941,062
Total Current Liabilities	10,827,571	10,841,736
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES		
Bonds and Notes Payable	33,482,368	35,747,664
Accrued Workers' Compensation	243,950	260,950
Lease Liability	477,130	607,791
Subscription Liability Federal Perkins Funds	1,258,655 6.777	404,787 14,490
Net Pension Liability	17,036,974	14,403,360
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	 52,505,854	 51,439,042
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Total Liabilities	63,333,425	62,280,778
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	 792,919	 1,342,599
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related		
to Pensions	64,126,344	63,623,377
NET POSITION  Not Investment in Conital Accets	224 576 522	222 466 222
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Nonexpendable:	224,576,586	222,166,089
Scholarships and Fellowships	1,000,117	1,000,117
Restricted Expendable:	1,000,117	1,000,117
Loans	40,167	90,194
Scholarships and Fellowships	19,894	19,894
Unrestricted	 12,796,496	 7,478,805
Total Net Position	\$ 238,433,260	\$ 230,755,099

# ST. MARY'S COLLEGE OF MARYLAND STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION ST. MARY'S COLLEGE OF MARYLAND FOUNDATION, INC. – COMPONENT UNIT JUNE 30, 2024 AND 2023

	2024	2023
ASSETS		
Cash Investments Investments - Gift Annuity Accrued Interest Receivable Other Assets	\$ 924,446 50,062,849 1,171,613 110,169 238,678	\$ 1,211,245 46,083,335 1,141,849 126,894 221,076
Promises to Give, Net Property and Equipment, Net	3,208,489 1,201	3,274,470 1,201
Total Assets	\$ 55,717,445	\$ 52,060,070
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS		
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Gift Annuity Total Liabilities	\$ 153,209 695,923 849,132	\$ 138,474 726,273 864,747
NET ASSETS Without Donor Restriction With Donor Restriction Total Net Assets	1,840,831 53,027,482 54,868,313	1,644,656 49,550,667 51,195,323
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$ 55,717,445	\$ 52,060,070

# ST. MARY'S COLLEGE OF MARYLAND STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION ST. MARY'S COLLEGE OF MARYLAND BOAT FOUNDATION, INC. – COMPONENT UNIT JUNE 30, 2024 AND 2023

ASSETS	2024			2023	
Cash Prepaid Expenses Property and Equipment, Net Boats and Marine Equipment Held for Sale	\$	267,008 2,262 603,611 126,900	\$	331,604 2,262 264,831 1,900	
Total Assets	_\$	999,781	\$	600,597	
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS					
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	\$	3,961	\$	6,513	
NET ASSETS Without Donor Restriction		995,820		594,084	
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	_\$	999,781	\$	600,597	

# ST. MARY'S COLLEGE OF MARYLAND STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 AND 2023

		2024		2023
OPERATING REVENUES				
Student Tuition and Fees (Less Scholarships and Waivers of	\$	19,779,746	\$	18,348,839
\$8,059,467 in 2024 and \$7,496,426 in 2023) Grants and Contracts:	φ	19,779,740	φ	10,340,039
Federal		1,487,357		130,179
State		2,736,844		2,189,127
Other		2,240,356		2,003,361
Sales and Services		1,153,562		960,395
Auxiliary Enterprises:				
Residence Facilities, Net of Waivers of \$283,524 in 2024				
and \$122,063 in 2023		11,593,816		10,680,915
Dining Services, Net of Waivers of \$44,382 in 2024 and \$42,672 in 2023		6,957,471		6,076,332
Bookstore		916,371		928,063
Other Auxiliary Enterprises Revenue		179,394		76,234
Other Operating Revenues		175,054		150,157
Total Operating Revenues		47,219,971		41,543,602
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Instruction		22,522,142		21,409,849
Research		1,011,564		626,627
Public Service		115,021		177,066
Academic Support		1,603,737		1,528,121
Student Services		12,312,169		11,041,883
Institutional Support		23,579,250		18,729,738
Operations of Plant Scholarships and Fellowships		15,348,851 4,171,349		15,404,659 3,915,534
Auxiliary Enterprises		14,438,160		13,447,541
Total Operating Expenses		95,102,243		86,281,018
rotal Operating Expenses		00,102,210	-	00,201,010
OPERATING LOSS		(47,882,272)		(44,737,416)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
State Appropriations		40,732,752		33,485,435
Gifts and Grants		13,550		20,000
Pell, Cares Act, and HEERF Grants		1,873,003		3,354,041
Investment Gains and Losses		1,656,490		261,272
Interest Income		1,139,468		1,440,327
Interest on Indebtedness		(1,341,870)		(1,443,773)
Net Nonoperating Revenues		44,073,393		37,117,302
LOSS BEFORE OTHER REVENUES, EXPENSES, GAINS,				
AND LOSSES		(3,808,879)		(7,620,114)
OTHER REVENUES, EXPENSES, GAINS, AND LOSSES				
Capital State Appropriations		11,487,040		18,638,790
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		7,678,161		11,018,676
Net Position - Beginning of Year		230,755,099		219,736,423
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	238,433,260	\$	230,755,099

# ST. MARY'S COLLEGE OF MARYLAND STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES ST. MARY'S COLLEGE OF MARYLAND FOUNDATION, INC. – COMPONENT UNIT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Without Donor Restrictions	With Donor Restrictions	Total
SUPPORT AND REVENUE			
Contributions	\$ 102,685	\$ 2,417,221	\$ 2,519,906
Donated Services	1,946,754	-	1,946,754
Event Revenue	176,519	-	176,519
Investment Income, Net	517,939	3,820,692	4,338,631
Other Revenue	-	12,283	12,283
Net Assets Released from Restrictions	2,773,381	(2,773,381)	
Total Support and Revenue	5,517,278	3,476,815	8,994,093
EXPENSES			
Program Services:			
Scholarships	708,283	-	708,283
Academic Chair	279,430	-	279,430
Alumni Activities	127,535	-	127,535
College Department/Division Support	1,310,156	-	1,310,156
Center for Study of Democracy	178,221		178,221
Total Program Services	2,603,625	-	2,603,625
Supporting Services:			
Management and General	1,294,721	-	1,294,721
Fundraising	1,422,757	<u> </u>	1,422,757
Total Supporting Services	2,717,478		2,717,478
Total Expenses	5,321,103		5,321,103
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	196,175	3,476,815	3,672,990
Net Assets - Beginning of Year	1,644,656	49,550,667	51,195,323
NET ASSETS - END OF YEAR	\$ 1,840,831	\$ 53,027,482	\$ 54,868,313

# ST. MARY'S COLLEGE OF MARYLAND STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES ST. MARY'S COLLEGE OF MARYLAND FOUNDATION, INC. – COMPONENT UNIT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Without Donor Restrictions	With Donor Restrictions	Total
SUPPORT AND REVENUE			
Contributions	\$ 257,887	\$ 5,896,283	\$ 6,154,170
Donated Services	1,790,268	-	1,790,268
Event Revenue	174,934	-	174,934
Investment Income, Net	-	8,190	8,190
Other Revenue	194,416	1,734,197	1,928,613
Net Assets Released from Restrictions	3,564,316	(3,564,316)	
Total Support and Revenue	5,981,821	4,074,354	10,056,175
EXPENSES Program Services: Scholarships	363,167		363,167
Academic Chair	94,752	<u>-</u>	94,752
Alumni Activities	175,117	_	175,117
College Department/Division Support	1,530,424	_	1,530,424
Center for Study of Democracy	1,085,043	_	1,085,043
Total Program Services	3,248,503		3,248,503
rotal rogital solvious	0,2 .0,000		0,210,000
Supporting Services:			
Management and General	1,238,618	-	1,238,618
Fundraising	1,251,556	-	1,251,556
Total Supporting Services	2,490,174		2,490,174
Total Expenses	5,738,677		5,738,677
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	243,144	4,074,354	4,317,498
Net Assets - Beginning of Year	1,401,512	45,476,313	46,877,825
NET ASSETS - END OF YEAR	\$ 1,644,656	\$ 49,550,667	\$ 51,195,323

# ST. MARY'S COLLEGE OF MARYLAND STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES ST. MARY'S COLLEGE OF MARYLAND BOAT FOUNDATION, INC. – COMPONENT UNIT YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 AND 2023

	2024			2023		
SUPPORT AND REVENUE						
Donated Vessels	\$	615,000	\$	3,500		
Donated Services and Facilities		73,732		67,816		
Loss on Sale of Vessels/Impairment		(26,750)		(77,445)		
Total Support and Revenue		661,982		(6,129)		
EXPENSES						
Program Services:						
Depreciation Expense		83,968		67,037		
Transfers of Funds to College		56,966		25,097		
Insurance		17,331		22,576		
Storage Fees		481		364		
Consultants		10,500		10,500		
Fees and Licenses		-		26		
Broker Fees		5,000		96,500		
Boat Repairs and Maintenance		7,126		-		
Miscellaneous		188		931		
Total Program Services		181,560		223,031		
Management and General Expenses:						
Donated Services and Facilities		34,609		30,446		
Professional Fees		4,954		3,266		
Total Management and General Expenses		39,563		33,712		
Fundraising Expenses:						
Donated Services and Facilities		39,123		37,370		
Total Fundraising Expenses		39,123		37,370		
Total Expenses		260,246		294,113		
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS		401,736		(300,242)		
Net Assets - Beginning of Year		594,084		894,326		
NET ASSETS - END OF YEAR	\$	995,820	\$	594,084		

# ST. MARY'S COLLEGE OF MARYLAND STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 AND 2023

	2024	2023
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Tuition and Fees (Net of All Scholarships and Grants)	\$ 13,017,470	\$ 11,891,059
Grants and Contracts	6,413,440	4,322,667
Salaries and Benefits	(44,928,924)	(41,122,132)
Payments to Suppliers	(21,142,193)	(21,168,072)
Collection of Student Loans	55,983	9,135
Sales - Auxiliary Enterprises	19,646,923	17,761,545
Expenses - Auxiliary Enterprises	(12,197,309)	(11,188,111)
Direct Lending Student Proceeds	7,323,422	6,620,271
Direct Lending Student Disbursements	(7,323,422)	(6,620,271)
Other Receipts	1,328,616	1,126,549
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	(37,805,994)	(38,367,360)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
State Appropriations	40,732,752	33,485,435
Noncapital Gifts and Grants	1,886,553	3,374,041
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities	42,619,305	36,859,476
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED		
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Capital State Appropriations	11,487,040	18,638,790
Purchases of Capital Assets	(13,372,198)	(19,853,319)
Principal Paid on Long-Term Debt	(3,443,821)	(3,446,457)
Interest Paid on Long-Term Debt	(1,270,452)	(1,443,773)
Net Cash Used by Capital and Related Financing		
Activities	(6,599,431)	(6,104,759)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest on Investments	781,773	1,440,327
Purchases of Investments	-	(11,979,636)
Proceeds from Sales of Investments	3,896,884	-
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	4,678,657	(10,539,309)
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	2,892,537	(18,151,952)
NET CHARGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	2,092,007	(10,131,932)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	25,798,543	43,950,495
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$ 28,691,080	\$ 25,798,543

# ST. MARY'S COLLEGE OF MARYLAND STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 AND 2023

	2024	2023
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW		
INFORMATION	ф (4.070.4E0)	Φ (4.440.770)
Interest Expense Paid During the Year	<u>\$ (1,270,452)</u>	\$ (1,443,773)
Assets Purchased with SBITA's	\$ 1,340,922	\$ 717,150
Assets Purchased with Leases	\$ 240,778	\$ 41,572
RECONCILIATION TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 27,736,183	\$ 21,283,939
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	954,897	4,514,604
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 28,691,080	\$ 25,798,543
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Operating Loss	\$ (47,882,272)	\$ (44,737,416)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to		
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities:		
Noncash Expenses:		
Depreciation and Amortization	8,640,282	8,377,088
Effect of Changes of Noncash Operating Assets and Liabilities:		
Receivables, Net	116,154	96,771
Notes Receivable, Net	63,696	9,135
Inventories	14,997	(7,713)
Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets	(32,338)	4,890
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	296,133	(2,648,993)
Accrued Vacation	108,522	312,729
Unearned Revenue	(83,360)	33,485
Net Pension Liability and Related Deferred Inflows/Outflows	952,192	192,664
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	\$ (37,805,994)	\$ (38,367,360)

#### NOTE 1 ORGANIZATION AND PURPOSE

# **Organization**

St. Mary's College of Maryland (the College) is an undergraduate liberal arts institution located in St. Mary's City in southern Maryland. The College was authorized in 1964 by the state legislature as a four-year liberal arts college. The campus has been an educational site since 1840. The College is governed by its board of trustees (Board), a 26-member board, which consists of 23 voting trustees who are appointed by the governor of Maryland, a student trustee, and two ex-officio. The College is considered a component unit of the state of Maryland for financial reporting purposes and is included in the financial statements of the state of Maryland.

In fiscal year 1992, the state legislature enacted, and the Governor signed, a law that changed the nature of the College's relationship with the state, primarily by granting to the College authority, which was previously vested in state-controlled agencies. The significant effects of this law were the stabilization of the College's general fund support and the empowerment of the College's Board with regard to budget establishment and management, human resources functions, procurement of goods and services, and investment management of the College's endowment fund. Under the new governance structure, the College and its Board are held accountable to the citizens and officials of the State, primarily through oversight provided by the Maryland Higher Education Commission.

# <u>Discretely Presented Component Units of the College</u>

As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, (GAAP) these financial statements present the College and its component units.

In October 1971, St. Mary's College of Maryland Foundation, Inc. (the Foundation) was organized exclusively for charitable, religious, educational and scientific purposes. The Foundation's purposes further include, but are not restricted to, receiving and administering funds to enhance, improve, develop and promote St. Mary's College of Maryland and to benefit the College, its students and faculty. The Foundation meets the criteria as a component unit of the College; therefore, the activities of the Foundation are shown on these financial statements as a discretely presented component unit. The Foundation is a private, nonprofit organization that reports under the standards of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB). No modifications have been made to the Foundation's financial information in the College's financial reporting for any differences between GASB and FASB standards.

In March 1998, the St. Mary's College of Maryland Boat Foundation, Inc. (the Boat Foundation), was established to coordinate the donation of boats, use of boats, and use of boat sales to support the mission of the St. Mary's College of Maryland and its waterfront programs. The Boat Foundation meets the criteria as a component unit of the College; therefore, the activities of the Boat Foundation are shown on these financial statements as a discretely presented component unit. The Boat Foundation is a private, nonprofit organization that reports under the standards of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB). No modifications have been made to the Boat Foundation's financial information in the College's financial reporting for any differences between GASB and FASB standards.

#### NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

# <u>Discretely Presented Component Units of the College (Continued)</u>

During the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, the Foundation distributed \$2,267,213 and \$2,605,455 respectively, to the College for both restricted and unrestricted purposes.

During the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, the Boat Foundation distributed \$56,966 and \$29,846, respectively, to the College for both restricted and unrestricted purposes.

The College performs various accounting, personnel, and public safety functions for Historic St. Mary's City (the City). The College is paid a fee for these services. The College does not exercise control over the City; therefore, the activities of the City are not reflected or consolidated in these financial statements.

# **Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting**

For financial reporting purposes, the College is considered a special-purpose government agency engaged only in business-type activities. Accordingly, the College's financial statements have been presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis, revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recorded when an obligation has been incurred. When an expense is incurred that can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources, the College's policy is to first apply the expense towards restricted resources and then towards unrestricted resources.

#### **Current and Noncurrent**

Current assets are defined as cash and other assets or resources commonly identified as those which are reasonably expected to be realized in cash or consumed during a normal operating cycle of business, usually one year or less, without interfering with the normal business operation. They can consist of cash, inventories, accounts receivable, notes receivable, marketable securities, and prepaid expenses which meet the conditions stated above. Current liabilities are defined as obligations whose liquidation is reasonably expected to require the use of existing resources properly classifiable as current assets, or the creation of other current liabilities. Other assets and liabilities which extend past the one-year period are classified as noncurrent.

#### Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the College considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

#### Investments

Investments are stated at fair value, which is determined using selected bases, in accordance with the fair value hierarchy. Changes in unrealized gain (loss) on the carrying value of investments are reported as a component of investment income in the statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position.

# NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# **Accounts Receivable**

Accounts receivable consists of tuition and fee charges to students and charges for auxiliary enterprises services provided to students, faculty and staff, the majority of each residing in the state of Maryland. Accounts receivable also include amounts due from Federal, state and local governments, or private sources, in connection with reimbursement of allowable expenditures made pursuant to the College's grants and contracts. Accounts receivable are recorded net of estimated uncollectible amounts.

# **Notes Receivable**

Notes receivable consist of notes initiated through the federal Perkins loan program. Based on the criteria of the Perkins loan program, individuals are not required to initiate their repayments until leaving the College. The federal Perkins loan program has ended and no new loans are being initiated.

#### Inventories

Inventories are valued at cost and are accounted for under the first-in, first-out method, which is not in excess of net realizable value.

# **Capital Assets**

Capital assets are recorded at cost at the date of acquisition, or acquisition value at the date of donation in the case of gifts. For equipment, the College's capitalization policy includes all items with a unit cost of \$5,000, or more, and an estimated useful life of greater than one year. Renovations to buildings, infrastructure, and land improvements with a cost of \$50,000, or more, and that significantly increase the value or extend the useful life of the structure, are capitalized. Routine repairs and maintenance are charged to operating expense in the year in which the expense was incurred.

Depreciation and Amortization is computed using the straight-line method over estimated useful lives of the assets, generally 40 years for buildings, 20 years for building improvements, 16 to 25 years for infrastructure, 7 years for library books, and 3 to 12 years for capital equipment.

Works of art and historical collections have not been capitalized or depreciated. Under College policy, works of art and historical collections are held for public exhibition, education, or research in furtherance of public service rather than financial gain. They are protected, cared for, and preserved, and the proceeds from sales of the collection are used to acquire other items for the collection.

# **Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources**

A deferred outflow of resources represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure) until the future period. A deferred inflow of resources represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

# NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# <u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (Continued)</u>

The College recognizes deferred outflows and inflows for changes in actuarial assumptions, the difference between projected and actual experience and earnings on pension plan investments, proportionate share of contributions, and contributions made subsequent to the measurement date related to pensions. The college also recognizes deferred outflows related to deferred amounts on bond refundings.

# **Unearned Revenue**

Unearned revenue includes amounts received for tuition and fees, certain auxiliary activities, and grant proceeds prior to the end of the fiscal year but related to the subsequent accounting period.

### **Accrued Vacation Costs**

Employee vacation pay is accrued at year-end for financial statement purposes. The liability and expense incurred are recorded at year-end as accrued vacation payable in the statement of net position, and as a component of expense in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position. Accrued vacation payable is estimated by assuming that the proportion of the accrued vacation that will be used during the next year will be the same as the proportion that was used this year, as such all costs were considered current liabilities.

# **Leases and Subscription Liability**

The College is a lessee for noncancellable leases of information technology arrangements, equipment and real estate. The College recognizes a lease or subscription liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset (lease asset) in the Statement of Net Position. The College recognizes lease or subscription liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$5,000 or more.

At the commencement of a lease, the College initially measures the lease or subscription liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs.

Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the College determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

The College uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When
the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the College generally uses its
estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.

# NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# Leases - Lessee

• The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the College is reasonably certain to exercise.

The College monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Lease or subscription assets are reported with other capital assets and lease or subscription liabilities are reported with long-term liabilities on the statement of net position.

# **Income Taxes**

The College, as a political subdivision of the state of Maryland, is exempt from federal income taxes under Section 1 of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC), as amended.

# **Pensions**

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about fiduciary net position of the Maryland State Retirement and Pension System (the System) and additions to/deductions from the System's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the System. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

# Net Position

The College's net position is classified as follows:

Net Investment in Capital Assets – This represents the College's net investment in capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and amortization and outstanding debt obligations related to those capital assets.

Restricted Net Position – Expendable – Restricted expendable net position represents resources which the College is legally or contractually obligated to spend in accordance with restrictions imposed by external third parties.

Restricted Net Position – Nonexpendable – Nonexpendable restricted net position represent endowment and similar type funds which donors or other outside sources have stipulated, as a condition of the gift instrument, that the principal is to be maintained inviolate and in perpetuity and invested for the purpose of producing present and future income, which may either be expended or added to principal.

# NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# **Net Position (Continued)**

Unrestricted Net Position – Unrestricted net position represent resources derived from student tuition and fees, state appropriations, and sales and services of educational departments and auxiliary enterprises. These resources are used for transactions relating to the educational and general operations of the College and may be used at the direction of the governing board to meet current expenses for any purpose. Auxiliary enterprises are substantially self-supported activities that provide services for students, faculty, staff, or the local community.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Colleges' policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as needed.

# Revenue Recognition and Classification of Revenues and Expenses

Revenue is recognized when earned, and on an accrual basis with the establishment of corresponding accounts receivable. Tuition receivables are uncollateralized obligations of students resulting from course registration. The allowance method for accounts receivable is used to measure bad debts, which include account charge-offs. The allowance for doubtful accounts is determined based upon aging analysis and management's estimation of collectability of such accounts.

The College has classified its revenues as either operating or nonoperating revenues according to the following criteria:

Operating Revenues – Operating revenues and expenses are generated by the typical activities of a College, such as teaching and research, and include: (1) student tuition and fees, (2) sales and services of auxiliary enterprises, and (3) grants that support research and instruction.

Nonoperating Revenues – Nonoperating revenues and expenses are generated by incidental activities, gifts, and subsidies, and include investment income, gifts, state appropriations, and interest income.

# Scholarship Discounts and Allowances

Student tuition and fee revenues, and certain other revenues from students, are reported net of scholarship discounts and allowances in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position. Scholarship discounts and allowances are the difference between the published charge for goods and services provided by the College, and the amount that is actually paid by students or third parties making payments on the students' behalf. To the extent that the College's unrestricted funds are used to award scholarships, grants, and waivers, the College reports a scholarship discount and allowance.

# NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# **Basis of Presentation – Foundation and Boat Foundation**

The financial statement presentation for the Foundation and Boat Foundation follows generally accepted accounting principles for nonprofit organizations. Complete financial statements of the Foundations may be requested from Jackie Wright, Development Office – Calvert Hall Room 102, St. Mary's College of Maryland, 18952 E. Fisher Road, St. Mary's City, Maryland 20686.

# **Unconditional Promises to Give – Foundation and Boat Foundation**

Unconditional promises to give that are expected to be collected within one year are recorded at their net realizable value. Unconditional promises to give that are expected to be collected in future years are recorded at the present value of their estimated future cash flows.

The discounts are computed using risk-free interest rates applicable to the years in which the promises are received. Amortization of the discounts is included in contribution revenue. Conditional promises to give are not included as support until the conditions are met. Contributions received are recorded as net assets with or without donor restrictions, depending on the existence and/or nature of any donor restrictions.

All contributions are considered to be available for unrestricted use unless specifically restricted by the donor. Amounts received that are designated for future periods or restricted by the donor for specific purposes are reported as support with donor restrictions.

# **Net Assets – Foundation and Boat Foundation**

The Foundations' net assets are classified as follows:

Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions – Net assets available for use in general operations and not subject to donor (or certain grantor) restrictions. The governing board has designated, from net assets without donor restrictions, net assets for an operating reserve and board-designated endowment.

Net Assets With Donor Restrictions – Net assets subject to donor- (or certain grantor-) imposed restrictions. Some donor-imposed restrictions are temporary in nature, such as those that will be met by the passage of time or other events specified by the donor. Other donor-imposed restrictions are perpetual in nature, where the donor stipulates that resources be maintained in perpetuity. Gifts of long-lived assets and gifts of cash restricted for the acquisition of long-lived assets are recognized as revenue when the assets are placed in service. Donor-imposed restrictions are released when a restriction expires, that is, when the stipulated time has elapsed, when the stipulated purpose for which the resource was restricted has been fulfilled, or both.

# NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# Income Taxes – Foundation and Boat Foundation

The Foundations are exempt from income taxes, except for taxes on unrelated business income, under Section 501(c)(3) of the IRC and related state statues, The Foundations did not have any unrelated business income for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023.

# Revenue and Revenue Recognition – Foundation and Boat Foundation

Revenue is recognized when earned. Program service fees and payments under cost-reimbursable contracts received in advance are deferred to the applicable period in which the related services are performed, or expenditures are incurred, respectively. Contributions are recognized when cash, securities or other assets, an unconditional promise to give, or notification of a beneficial interest is received. Conditional promises to give are not recognized until the conditions on which they depend have been substantially met.

# Donated Services and In-Kind Contributions – Foundation and Boat Foundation

Volunteers contribute significant amounts of time to Foundation program services, administration, and fundraising and development activities; however, the financial statements do not reflect the value of these contributed services because they do not meet recognition criteria prescribed by GAAP. The College has allowed the Foundation to utilize office space on its campus. The utilities, water, and the space provided at no cost to the Foundation are not deemed significant. There are no amounts for utilities, water, and the space reflected in the financial statements. Contributed goods are recorded at fair value at the date of donation. The Foundation records donated professional services at the respective fair values of the services received.

# **Property and Equipment – Boat Foundation**

The Boat Foundation capitalizes property and equipment when acquisition cost of fair value as of the date of the contribution is in excess of \$1,500 and has an estimated useful life of greater than one year. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line basis over each asset's estimated useful life which ranges from three to ten years for boats and marine equipment. Depreciation expense for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 was \$83,968 and \$67,037, respectively.

### Functional Expenses – Foundation and Boat Foundation

The costs of providing various programs and other activities have been summarized on a functional basis in the statements of activities. Accordingly, certain costs have been allocated among the programs and supporting services benefited. Those expenses include the Foundations' office staff and certain College personnel donated services. The financial statements also report certain categories of expenses that are attributable to more than one program or supporting function. Therefore, these expenses require allocation on a reasonable basis that is consistently applied. Donated services are allocated based on estimates of time and effort. Other expenses are charged directly to program services, general and administrative, or fundraising based on specific identification.

#### NOTE 3 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

As of June 30, cash and cash equivalents consisted of the following:

	 2024	 2023
Deposits in State of Maryland Cash Pool	\$ 27,004,780	\$ 20,533,888
Petty Cash	2,700	2,700
Money Market Funds	954,897	4,514,604
Cash Deposits	728,703	 747,351
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 28,691,080	\$ 25,798,543

#### **Deposits in State of Maryland Cash Pool**

As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, the College had cash on deposit in an internal pooled cash account with the Maryland State Treasurer (Treasurer) in the amount of \$27,004,780 and \$20,533,888, respectively. The Treasurer has statutory responsibility for the state's cash management activities.

The amount due from the Treasurer is part of the state's internal investment pool and is not separately identified as to specific types of securities for individual agencies within the state. The Treasurer maintains these and other state agency funds on a pooled basis in accordance with state statutes.

#### **Cash Deposits**

As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, the College has cash on deposit with other local banks in the amount of \$760,536 and \$800,943 respectively. The College has statutory responsibility for the management of these funds. As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, \$260,536 and \$300,943, respectively, of the College's cash deposits was exposed to custodial risk as they were uncollateralized.

#### **Custodial Credit Risks - Deposits**

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the College's deposits may not be returned. Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are (a) uncollateralized, (b) collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or (c) collateralized with securities held by pledging financial institutions' trust department or agent but not in the College's name.

The College does not have a formal deposit policy for custodial credit risk but follows the Treasurer's policy which states that the Treasurer may deposit in a financial institution in the state, any unexpended or surplus money in which the Treasurer has custody.

#### NOTE 4 INVESTMENTS

Endowment and other investments held by the College as of June 30 were as follows:

	2024			2023
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	278,209	\$	358,388
Debt Securities:				
U.S. Treasury		9,497,481		12,247,672
U.S. Agencies		139,831		145,756
Foreign Issues		53,624		-
Mortgage-Backed Securities		68,860		46,161
Corporate Bonds		1,809,592		1,812,361
Total Debt Securities		11,569,388		14,251,950
Equity Securities		2,233,902		1,711,555
Total	\$	14,081,499	\$	16,321,893

Endowment fund investments are made in accordance with the investment policy of the College, adopted by consent of the board of trustees of the College, which authorizes the College to invest in domestic equities, international equities, fixed income or cash equivalents, and real estate investment trusts, within the proportions defined by the policy. Mutual funds, convertible preferred stocks, and convertible bonds may be used. Unexpended bond funds are invested in short-term S&P AAA rated, Wells Fargo Advantage Government Money Market Fund, Fannie Mae Guaranteed Securities, Notes, and Federal Home Loan Bank Notes.

The College categorizes its fair value measurements with the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset and gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described below:

Level 1 – Valuations based on unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets:

Level 2 – Valuations based on quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets or identical assets or liabilities in less active markets, such as dealer or broker markets; and

Level 3 – Valuations derived from valuation techniques in which one or more significant inputs or significant value drivers are unobservable, such as pricing models, discounted cash flow models and similar techniques not based on market, exchange, dealer, or broker-traded transactions.

Transactions are recorded on the trade date. Realized gains and losses are determined using the identified cost method. Any change in net unrealized gain or loss from the preceding period is reported in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position. Dividends are recorded on the ex-dividend date. Interest is recorded on the accrual basis.

## NOTE 4 INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

The College had the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30:

	2024						
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total			
U.S. Treasury	\$ -	\$ 9,497,481	\$ -	\$ 9,497,481			
U.S. Agencies	-	139,831	-	139,831			
International Agency	-	53,624	-	53,624			
Corporate Bonds	1,809,592	-	-	1,809,592			
Equity Securities	2,233,902			2,233,902			
Total	\$ 4,043,494	\$ 9,690,936	\$ -	\$ 13,734,430			
		20	023				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total			
U.S. Treasury	\$ -	\$ 12,247,672	\$ -	\$ 12,247,672			
U.S. Agencies	-	145,756	-	145,756			
Mortgage-Backed Securities	-	46,161	-	46,161			
Corporate Bonds	1,812,361	_	-	1,812,361			
	1,012,001			,- ,			
Equity Securities	1,711,555			1,711,555			

Interest Rate Risk – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The College's investment policy generally requires that fixed income securities may consist of obligations with average durations of seven years or less.

Credit Risk – Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The College's investment policy requires that the quality rating of bonds be BBB or better. The quality rating of commercial paper must be A-1 or better.

As of June 30, the College had the following ratings and maturities of underlying fixed income investments:

				2024						
	Ratings		Investment Maturities (in Years)							
Investment Type	(S and P)	<1	1 to 5	6 to 10	11 to 15	>15	Total			
U.S. Government Securities	AAA	\$ 4,243,270	\$ 5,120,634	\$ -	\$ 109,446	\$ 24,131	\$ 9,497,481			
U.S. Agency and Other										
Asset-Backed Securities	AA+	-	97,528	31,417	10,886	-	139,831			
International Agency	AAA	-	53,624	-	-	-	53,624			
Corporate Bonds	AAA	-	-	-	33,443	-	33,443			
Corporate Bonds	AA-	-	37,354	56,996	-	24,159	118,509			
Corporate Bonds	AA	-	-	24,777	-	-	24,777			
Corporate Bonds	A+	-	46,356	-	28,279	23,453	98,088			
Corporate Bonds	Α	-	161,077	73,289	-	70,964	305,330			
Corporate Bonds	A-	-	193,583	102,902	40,221	51,541	388,247			
Corporate Bonds	BBB+	-	258,871	96,291	48,316	19,697	423,175			
Corporate Bonds	BBB	19,338	140,746	86,055	22,320	66,565	335,024			
Corporate Bonds	BBB-	-	58,000	-	-	-	58,000			
Corporate Bonds	NR	24,999	-	-	-	-	24,999			
Mortgage-Backed Securities	NR		226	9,470	18,314	40,850	68,860			
Total		\$ 4,287,607	\$ 6,167,999	\$ 481,197	\$ 311,225	\$ 321,360	\$ 11,569,388			

#### NOTE 4 INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

					2023				
	Ratings		Invest	men	t Maturities (in	Years	s)		•
Investment Type	(S and P)_	<1	1 to 5		6 to 10		11 to 15	>15	Total
U.S. Government Securities	AAA	\$ 40,041	\$ 1,247,245	\$	10,857,534	\$	28,739	\$ 74,113	\$ 12,247,672
U.S. Agency and Other Asset-Backed									
Securities	AAA	-	88,624		54,110		25,292	23,891	191,917
Corporate Bonds	AAA	-	53,004		-		34,625	-	87,629
Corporate Bonds	AA-	-	36,202		56,446		-	-	92,648
Corporate Bonds	A+	24,869	93,216		74,047		-	75,508	267,640
Corporate Bonds	Α	24,775	108,518		79,097		-	29,092	241,482
Corporate Bonds	A-	29,016	185,030		79,200		70,765	-	364,011
Corporate Bonds	BBB+	-	236,507		104,270		48,827	56,073	445,677
Corporate Bonds	BBB	24,947	79,057		116,833		23,072	69,365	313,274
Total		\$ 143,648	\$ 2,127,403	\$	11,421,537	\$	231,320	\$ 328,042	\$ 14,251,950

Concentration of Credit Risk – Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The College's investment policy implies that the investments in the debt securities of any one company may not exceed 10% of the portfolio. As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, there were no investments in excess of 5%.

Custodial Credit Risk – For investments, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the College will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the College, and are held by either (a) the counterparty or (b) the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the College's name. The College does not have a policy for custodial credit risk. The College's investments are subject to custodial credit risk because they are uninsured, unregistered, and held by the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the College's name.

Foreign Currency Risk – is the risk that changes in the exchange rate of investments will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The College was not exposed to foreign currency risk as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, as the College did not have any investments denominated in foreign currencies.

The Foundation's investments consisted of the following as of June 30:

	2024	2023
Equities	\$ 18,564,555	\$ 16,147,628
Fixed Income	11,806,557	8,943,342
Cash Equivalents	5,933,337	9,259,701
Interest in Trust	1,598,441	1,483,314
Alternative Investment	13,331,572	11,391,199
Total Investments	\$ 51,234,462	\$ 47,225,184

### NOTE 4 INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

During 2000, the Foundation became a named beneficiary to one-fourth of a trust held by a third party. The trust is restricted to scholarships. Under the terms of the trust, the Foundation will receive a distribution each year of approximately one-fourth of 5% of the value of the trust, even if the 5% is to be paid from the principal. The Foundation records one-fourth of the annual changes in market value of the trust as investment income. The value of the Foundation's share of the trust was \$1,598,441 and \$1,483,314 as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The Foundation received distributions of \$70,000 from the Trust for each of the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

In determining the appropriate levels, the Foundation performs a detailed analysis of the assets and liabilities that are subject to the fair value disclosures.

2024

	2024						
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total			
Equities	\$ 18,564,555	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 18,564,555			
Cash and Money Market Funds	5,933,337	-	-	5,933,337			
Fixed Income Securities:							
U.S. Corporate Bonds	5,613,904	6,062,885	-	11,676,789			
Fixed Income		129,768		129,768			
Total Fixed Income Securities	5,613,904	6,192,653	-	11,806,557			
Alternative Instruments:							
Hedge Funds	142,213	-	-	142,213			
Real Estate	45,002	-	-	45,002			
Hard Assets	1,187,482			1,187,482			
Total Alternative Instruments	1,374,697	-	-	1,374,697			
Interest Held in Perpetual Trust			1,598,441	1,598,441			
Total Assets	<u>\$ 31,486,493</u>	\$ 6,192,653	<u>\$ 1,598,441</u>	39,277,587			
Investments Measured at Fair Value							
Using Net Asset Value per Share				11,956,875			
Total Investments				\$ 51,234,462			
Gift Annuity Liability				\$ 695,923			
GIII AIIIIUILY LIADIIILY				φ 095,925			

# NOTE 4 INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

	2023						
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total			
Equities	\$ 16,147,628	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 16,147,628			
Cash and Money Market Funds	9,259,701	-	-	9,259,701			
Fixed Income Securities:							
U.S. Corporate Bonds	8,860,640	-	-	8,860,640			
Fixed Income	82,702			82,702			
Total Fixed Income Securities	8,943,342	-	-	8,943,342			
Alternative Instruments:							
Hedge Funds	147,264	-	-	147,264			
Real Estate	43,067	-	-	43,067			
Hard Assets	1,112,336			1,112,336			
Total Alternative Instruments	1,302,667	-	-	1,302,667			
Interest Held in Perpetual Trust			1,483,314	1,483,314			
Total Assets	\$ 35,653,338	\$ -	\$ 1,483,314	37,136,652			
Investments Measured at Fair Value							
Using Net Asset Value per Share				10,088,532			
Total Investments				\$ 47,225,184			
Gift Annuity Liability				\$ 726,273			

The following table provides a summary of changes in fair value of the Foundation's Level 3 financial assets for the years ended June 30:

	2024			2023
Balance - Beginning of Year	\$	1,483,314	\$	1,428,098
Distributions		(70,000)		(70,000)
Change in Value of Perpetual Trust		185,127		125,216
Balance - End of Year	\$	1,598,441	\$	1,483,314

The following table provides a summary of changes in fair value of the Foundation's Level 3 financial liabilities for the years ended June 30:

	 2024	 2023
Balance - Beginning of Year	\$ 726,273	\$ 734,898
Additions to Gift Annuity Liabilities	-	18,306
Change in Value of Gift Annuity Liabilities	 (30,350)	 (26,931)
Balance - End of Year	\$ 695,923	\$ 726,273

#### NOTE 4 INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Fair value measurements of investments in certain entities that calculate net asset value per share (or its equivalent) for the years ended June 30 are as follows:

	Net Asset Value 2024	Net Asset Value 2023	Unfunded Commitments	Redemption Frequency	Redemption Notice Period
Grosvenor Alternative Investments	\$ 1,816,908	\$ 1,616,952	N/A	Quarterly	70 Days
SOF XII Private Investors Offshore	266,187	112,967	\$ 250,000	Illiquid	10 Year Investment Horizon
EQT Infrastructure V Private	993,968	708,144	151,195	Illiquid	12 Year Investment Horizon
GSO Private Investors Offshore II	31,803	38,769	216,915	Illiquid	5 Year Investment Horizon
KKR Asian Fund II Private Investors	207,310	215,455	-	Illiquid	5 Year Investment Horizon
HPS Corporate Lending (HLEND)	1,063,697	1,017,902	-	Quarterly	35 Days
PEG GLOBAL PRIVATE EQUITY X	439,910	216,497	595,215	Illiquid	7-10 Year Investment Horizon
PEG GLOBAL PRIVATE EQUITY IX Offshore					
Special L.P.	829,545	687,331	352,215	Illiquid	7-10 Year Investment Horizon
PEG Global Private Equity Institutional Investors VIII					
Offshore Special L.P.	1,095,422	951,311	163,022	Illiquid	7-10 Year Investment Horizon
PEG Global Private Equity Institutional Investors VI					
Offshore Special L.P.	1,052,601	1,053,974	83,753	Illiquid	7-10 Year Investment Horizon
PEG Global Private Equity Institutional Investors V					
Offshore Special L.P.	1,230,112	1,439,355	30,269	Illiquid	7-10 Year Investment Horizon
PEG Global Private Equity Institutional Investors XI					
Offshore Special L.P.	159,861	-	850,000		
CPI (Carlyle Property)	882,157	962,141	-	Quarterly	95 Days
Clarion Private Investors, LLC	887,394	1,067,734	N/A	Quarterly	95 Days
Total	\$ 10,956,875	\$ 10,088,532			

Hedge funds, real estate, and private investments use a variety of strategies, including hedged equity, global trading, market neutral, long and short biased, event driven, and global asset allocation. Hedge funds, real estate, and private investments can invest in a wide variety of both public and private securities including equities, fixed income, commodities, private placements, currencies, real estate, derivatives, and special situation investments.

#### NOTE 5 ENDOWMENTS

The College records endowment income as unrestricted, nonoperating income. Endowment income not expended for restricted scholarships or other allowable purposes during the fiscal year is included in funds functioning as endowments.

The spending rate of general endowment funds (quasi and pure), as adopted by the Board, is based on the earnings of the assets held in perpetuity based on a twelve-quarter rolling average. The spending rate for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 was 4.0% and 4.5%, respectively. The spending rate applies to endowment funds for both unrestricted and restricted purposes and is applied in accordance with the designation of each endowment.

The difference between the calculated amount and the actual realized endowment income is recorded as a nonmandatory transfer from or to the quasi-endowment fund in accordance with the above spending policy. The objectives of the spending rule are to preserve the purchasing power of the principal and attain a minimum of 1% real growth.

# NOTE 5 ENDOWMENTS (CONTINUED)

The endowment net assets are reported as follows as of June 30:

	 2024	 2023
Restricted Spendable and Nonspendable -	 	
Scholarship and Fellowships	\$ 1,020,011	\$ 1,020,011
Unrestricted Net Assets	 3,807,727	 3,322,246
Total Endowment Net Assets	\$ 4,827,738	\$ 4,342,257

## NOTE 6 ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable consisted of the following as of June 30:

	2024		 2023
Student Tuition and Fees	\$	655,353	\$ 869,611
Campus Store		20,607	19,525
Travel Advances		16,177	17,130
Interest Income		357,695	-
Federal, State and Private Grants and Contracts		376,697	 325,580
Total	·	1,426,529	1,231,846
Less: Allowance for Doubtful Accounts		78,912	 118,057
Net Accounts Receivable	\$	1,347,617	\$ 1,113,789

#### NOTE 7 INVENTORIES

Inventories consisted of the following as of June 30:

	2024	 2023
Health Center	\$ 5,836	\$ 13,303
Housekeeping	16,211	11,086
Central Stores	7,200	5,876
Campus Stores	216,881	 230,860
Total Inventories	\$ 246,128	\$ 261,125

# NOTE 8 CAPITAL ASSETS

Following are the changes in capital assets for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023:

	Balance June 30, 2023	Additions	Reductions	Transfers	Balance June 30, 2024
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:					
Land and Land Improvements	\$ 5,947,437	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,947,437
Construction in-Progress	91,473,000	9,509,871	(67,806,224)	-	33,176,647
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	97,420,437	9,509,871	(67,806,224)	-	39,124,084
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:					
Infrastructure	25,224,467	3,346,617	-	-	28,571,084
Building and Building Improvements	226,751,264	67,806,224	-	-	294,557,488
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	14,509,976	354,900	-	234,378	15,099,254
Assets Purchased through Notes Payable	85,506	-	(22,769)	(32,182)	30,555
Library Collections	14,176,652	150,000		(202,357)	14,124,295
Total Assets Being Depreciated	280,747,865	71,657,741	(22,769)	(161)	352,382,676
Right-to-Use Assets:					
Equipment and Vehicles	1,503,215	240,778	(38,486)	161	1,705,668
Subscription Assets	2,448,768	1,340,922	(72,796)	-	3,716,894
Total Right-to-Use Assets	3,951,983	1,581,700	(111,282)	161	5,422,562
Less: Accumulated Depreciation:					
Infrastructure	9,256,779	1,222,550	-	-	10,479,329
Building and Building Improvements	99,447,575	5,921,483	-	-	105,369,058
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	13,778,330	191,468	-	-	13,969,798
Assets Purchased through Notes Payable	21,255	-	-	-	21,255
Library Collections	12,932,208	289,495	-	-	13,221,703
Total Accumulated Depreciation	135,436,147	7,624,996	-	-	143,061,143
Less: Accumulated Amortization:					
Equipment and Vehicles	448,463	352,955	(33,330)	-	768,088
Subscription Assets	1,079,875	550,800	-	-	1,630,675
Total Accumulated Amortization	1,528,338	903,755	(33,330)	-	2,398,763
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated and			, , ,		
Amortized, Net	147,735,363	64,710,690	(100,721)		212,345,332
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 245,155,800	\$ 74,220,561	\$ (67,906,945)	\$ -	\$ 251,469,416

# NOTE 8 CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

	June 30, 2022 (as restated)	Additions	Reductions	Transfers	Balance June 30, 2023
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:					
Land and Land Improvements	\$ 5,947,437	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,947,437
Construction in-Progress	75,095,757	16,377,243		-	91,473,000
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	81,043,194	16,377,243	-	-	97,420,437
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:					
Infrastructure	21,768,826	3,455,641	-	-	25,224,467
Building and Building Improvements	226,751,264	-	-	-	226,751,264
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	14,797,757	-	(287,781)	-	14,509,976
Assets Purchased through Notes Payable	85,506	-	-	-	85,506
Library Collections	13,771,936	404,716	-	-	14,176,652
Total Assets Being Depreciated	277,175,289	3,860,357	(287,781)	-	280,747,865
Right-to-Use Assets:					
Equipment and Vehicles	464,678	1,038,537	-	-	1,503,215
Subscription Assets	1,879,584	717,150	(147,966)	-	2,448,768
Total Right-to-Use Assets	2,344,262	1,755,687	(147,966)	_	3,951,983
Less: Accumulated Depreciation:					
Infrastructure	8,214,110	1,042,669	-	-	9,256,779
Building and Building Improvements	93,593,981	5,853,594	-	-	99,447,575
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	13,516,804	261,526	-	-	13,778,330
Assets Purchased through Notes Payable	21,255	-	-	-	21,255
Library Collections	12,608,489	323,719	-	-	12,932,208
Total Accumulated Depreciation	127,954,639	7,481,508		-	135,436,147
Less: Accumulated Amortization:					
Equipment and Vehicles	127,497	320,966	-	-	448,463
Subscription Assets	549,650	574,614	(44,389)	-	1,079,875
Total Accumulated Amortization	677,147	895,580	(44,389)	-	1,528,338
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated and					
Amortized, Net	150,887,765	(2,761,044)	(391,358)		147,735,363
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 231,930,959	\$ 13,616,199	\$ (391,358)	\$ -	\$ 245,155,800

Depreciation and Amortization expense was \$8,640,282 and \$8,377,088 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

#### NOTE 9 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term liability activity for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, were as follows:

			2024		
	Balance June 30, 2023	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2024	Amounts Due Within One Year
Bonds:	¢ 07.505.000	Φ.	r (0.400.000)	Ф 05 445 000	<b>A.</b> 0.450.000
Revenue Bonds Payable Unamortized Premium/Discount	\$ 37,535,000 692,070	\$ -	\$ (2,420,000)	\$ 35,115,000	\$ 2,150,000
Total Bonds	38.227.070		(93,195)	598,875 35,713,875	93,196
Total Bollad	00,221,010		(2,010,100)	00,110,010	2,210,100
Other Liabilities:					
Notes Payable	55,888	-	(22,100)	33,788	22,099
Workers' Compensation	307,000	95,389	(115,389)	287,000	43,050
Accrued Vacation Costs	1,383,411	1,332,807	(1,204,285)	1,511,933	1,511,933
Lease Liability	948,463	240,778	(369,652)	819,589	342,459
Subscription Liability	930,299	1,340,922	(538,874)	1,732,347	473,692
Federal Loan Program Refundable	14,490	-	(7,713)	6,777	-
Net Pension Liability	14,403,360	2,633,614	-	17,036,974	-
Total Other Liabilities	18,042,911	5,643,510	(2,258,013)	21,428,408	2,393,233
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$ 56,269,981	\$ 5,643,510	\$ (4,771,208)	\$ 57,142,283	\$ 4,636,429
			2023		
	Balance June 30, 2022 (as restated)	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2023	Amounts Due Within One Year
Bonds:					
Revenue Bonds Payable	\$ 39,865,000	\$ -	\$ (2,330,000)	\$ 37,535,000	\$ 2,420,000
Unamortized Premium/Discount	785,265		(93,195)	692,070	93,196
Total Bonds	40,650,265	-	(2,423,195)	38,227,070	2,513,196
Other Liabilities:					
Notes Payable	138,907	_	(83,019)	55,888	22,098
Workers' Compensation	442,000	_	(135,000)	307,000	46,050
Accrued Vacation Costs	1,070,682	1,585,406	(1,272,677)	1,383,411	1,383,411
Lease Liability	344,222	1,038,537	(434,296)	948,463	340,672
Subscription Liability	726,076	717,150	(512,927)	930,299	525,512
Federal Loan Program Refundable	20,568	-	(6,078)	14,490	-
Net Pension Liability	9,971,647	4,431,713		14,403,360	
Total Other Liabilities	12,714,102	7,772,806	(2,443,997)	18,042,911	2,317,743
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$ 53,364,367	\$ 7,772,806	\$ (4,867,192)	\$ 56,269,981	\$ 4,830,939

The College restated beginning balance for the implementation of GASB Statement No. 87 *Leases* and have included \$428,537 of lease liability.

# **Academic Fees and Auxiliary Facilities Fees Revenue Bonds and Notes**

Revenue bonds and notes consisted of the following as of June 30:

2024	2023
2012 Subordinate Revenue Bonds, Series A \$ 5,800,000	\$ 6,685,000
2018 Subordinate Revenue Bonds, Series A 9,315,000	0 10,850,000
2020 Series A Notes <u>20,000,000</u>	20,000,000
Total Revenue Bonds 35,115,000	37,535,000
Unamortized Premium/Discount 598,875	5 692,070
Total \$ 35,713,875	5 \$ 38,227,070

#### NOTE 9 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

#### Academic Fees and Auxiliary Facilities Fees Revenue Bonds and Notes (Continued)

The 2012 Series A subordinate revenue bonds are dated June 6, 2012 and bear interest rates from 2.000% to 4.000%. Annual maturities will increase from 2012 until the payment of \$740,000 becomes due in 2032. The bonds maturing after September 1, 2022 are callable at no premium.

The 2018 Series A Bonds were issued on July 28, 2018 to refinance the Series 2005A, 2006A, 2014A, and partial refunding of Series 2012A bonds under a current refunding. The difference between the cash flows required to service the old debt and the cash flow required to service the new debt and complete the refunding was \$2,103,031. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying value of the old debt by \$1,076,289 on July 28, 2018. This amount is deferred and being amortized to interest expense over 20 years, which is the remaining life of the debt. The unamortized balance of \$809,918 and \$863,913 as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, and is reported as a deferred financing outflows.

The 2020 Series A Notes were issued on February 5, 2021 at \$20,000,000 and bear an interest rate of 3.96%. The notes were issued to improve infrastructure, upgrading technology infrastructure, and developing facilities initiatives.

All of the aforementioned bonds are limited obligations of the College payable solely from, and secured by, the gross revenues derived from academic fees and auxiliary facilities fees. The trust agreements related to these subordinate revenue bonds establish several covenants with which the College must comply. Those covenants address the payment of bonds, operation and maintenance of facilities, and transfers of facilities, among other matters. The covenants also require the College to fix, revise, charge, and collect auxiliary facilities and academic fees with respect to each fiscal year in amounts sufficient to make all the payments on the bonds as required by the trust agreement.

Cash and investments totaling \$10,208,658 and \$16,494,240 for 2024 and 2023, respectively, are comprised of certain funds to be held and invested by the Trustee. As such, the use of these funds is limited to the bond project issue cost, capitalized interest, or reserve fund purposes.

#### **In-Substance Defeasance**

The 2012 Series A bonds were issued on June 6, 2012 to refinance the Series A 2002 and 2003 bonds. The difference between the cash flows required to service the old debt and the cash flows required to service the new debt and complete the refunding was \$2,618,781. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying value of the old debt by \$1,048,983, on June 6, 2012. This amount was deferred and being amortized to interest expense over 22 years, which is the remaining life of the debt. The unamortized balance was \$445,863 and \$495,848 as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, and is reported as a deferred financing outflow.

#### NOTE 9 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

## **Principal and Interest Payments**

Future principal and interest payments of outstanding revenue bonds and notes payable as of June 30, 2024, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Revenue Bonds	Interest	Total
2025	\$ 2,150,000	\$ 1,279,035	\$ 3,429,035
2026	1,950,000	1,203,579	3,153,579
2027	1,900,000	1,132,529	3,032,529
2028	1,980,000	1,061,054	3,041,054
2029	1,370,000	1,000,059	2,370,059
2030 to 2034	6,980,000	3,962,063	10,942,063
2035 to 2039	12,880,000	2,471,675	15,351,675
2040 to 2041	5,905,000	236,115	6,141,115
Total	\$ 35,115,000	\$ 12,346,109	\$ 47,461,109

#### Notes Payable - Equipment

In January 2018, the College entered into an agreement through the State of Maryland Equipment Purchase Agreement for science equipment in the amount of \$263,930 with an interest rate of 2.53% per year. In May 2020, the College entered into another agreement through the State of Maryland Equipment Purchase Agreement in the amount of \$99,084 with an interest rate of 1.53% per year. The capital assets acquired through notes payable are as follows:

	2024		 2023
Equipment	\$	30,555	\$ 85,506
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(21,255)	 (21,255)
Total	\$	9,300	\$ 64,251

Future principal and interest lease payments for the notes payable were as follows as of June 30, 2024:

					Admir	nistrative	
Year Ending June 30,	P	rincipal	In	terest	F	ees	 Total
2025	\$	22,099	\$	432	\$	32	\$ 22,563
2026		11,689		87		6_	 11,782
Total	\$	33,788	\$	519	\$	38	\$ 34,345

## NOTE 9 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Lease Liability**

The College leases vehicles and equipment for various terms under long-term, non-cancelable lease agreements. See note 8 for the related assets and amortization for right to use assets. A summary of the lease terms are listed below:

	Annual	Interest	
Type	Installments	Rates	Due Dates
Vehicle	\$94 to \$6,539	3.960%	June 08, 2026 to August 30, 2029
Equipment	\$104 to \$376	3.960%	September 23, 2024 to October 31, 2028

Future minimum lease payments under the lease agreements for the years ending June 30, 2024, were as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal		oal Interest		 Total
2025	\$	342,459	\$	22,386	\$ 364,845
2026		274,737		11,136	285,873
2027		144,575		3,144	147,719
2028		33,108		1,577	34,686
2029		24,709		343	 
Total	\$	819,589	\$	38,586	\$ 858,175

#### **Subscription Liability**

The College has entered into subscription-based information technology arrangements for software for various terms under long-term, non-cancelable agreements. A summary of the terms are listed below:

	Annual	Interest	
Type	Installments	Rates	Due Dates
Software	\$61,678 to \$280,957	3.960%	February 28, 2025 to October 31, 2029

Future minimum subscription payments under the agreements for the years ending June 30, 2024, were as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal Interest					Total			
2025	\$	473,692	\$	58,310	\$	532,002			
2026		341,747		41,671		383,418			
2027		262,469		30,608		293,077			
2028		273,053		20,024		293,077			
2029		284,064		9,012		293,077			
2029-2030		97,321		481		97,802			
Total	\$	1,732,347	\$	160,106	\$	1,892,453			

#### NOTE 10 RETIREMENT PLANS

#### Maryland State Retirement and Pension System

Employees of the College participate in the Maryland State Retirement and Pension System (the System), established by the state to provide pension benefits for state employees and employees of 123 participating entities within the state. The System is a cost-sharing, multiple employer, public employee retirement system and no separate valuation is performed for the College and the College's only obligation to the plan is its required annual contributions.

#### Plan Description

The System, which is administered in accordance with the State Personnel and Pensions Article of the Annotated Code of Maryland (the Article), consists of the several plans that are managed by the board of trustees for the System. All state employees hired into positions that are permanently funded and employees of the participating entities are eligible for coverage by the plans. Teachers employed by the College are provided with pensions through the Teachers' Pension System of the State of Maryland (TPS)—a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the System. Certain employees of the College are provided with pensions through the Employees Retirement System of the State of Maryland (ERS)—a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the System.

The State Personnel and Pensions Article of the Annotated Code of Maryland (the Article) grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms of TPS and ERS to MSRPS board of trustees. MSRPS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.sra.state.md.us/Agency/Downloads/ CAFR/.

#### Benefits Provided

A member of either the Teachers' or Employees' Retirement System is generally eligible for full retirement benefits upon the earlier of attaining age 60 or accumulating 30 years of creditable service regardless of age. The annual retirement allowance equals 1/55 (1.81%) of the member's Average Final Compensation (AFC) multiplied by the number of years of accumulated creditable service.

An individual who is a member of either the Teachers' or Employees' Pension System on or before June 30, 2011, is eligible for full retirement benefits upon the earlier of attaining age 62, with specified years of eligibility service, or accumulating 30 years of eligibility service regardless of age. An individual who becomes a member of either the Teachers' or Employees' Pension System on or after July 1, 2011, is eligible for full retirement benefits if the member's combined age and eligibility service equals at least 90 years or if the member is at least age 65 and has accrued at least 10 years of eligibility service.

For most individuals who retired from either the Teachers' or Employees' Pension System on or before June 30, 2006, the annual pension allowance equals 1.2% of the member's AFC, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service accumulated prior to July 1, 1998, plus 1.4% of the member's AFC, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service accumulated subsequent to June 30, 1998.

#### NOTE 10 RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

#### Maryland State Retirement and Pension System (Continued)

### Benefits Provided (Continued)

With certain exceptions, for individuals who are members of the Teachers' or Employees' Pension System on or after July 1, 2006, the annual pension allowance equals 1.2% of the member's AFC, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service accumulated prior to July 1, 1998, plus 1.8% of the member's AFC, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service accumulated subsequent to June 30, 1998. Beginning July 1, 2011, any new member of the Teachers' or Employees' Pension System shall earn an annual pension allowance equal to 1.5% of the member's AFC multiplied by the number of years of creditable service accumulated as a member of the Teachers' or Employees' Pension System.

Exceptions to these benefit formulas apply to members of the Employees' Pension System, who are employed by a participating governmental unit that does not provide the 1998 or 2006 enhanced pension benefits or the 2011 reformed pension benefits. The pension allowance for these members equals 0.8% of the member's AFC up to the social security integration level (SSIL), plus 1.5% of the member's AFC in excess of the SSIL, multiplied by the number of years of accumulated creditable service. For the purpose of computing pension allowances, the SSIL is the average of the social security wage bases for the past 35 calendar years ending with the year the retiree separated from service.

#### Early Service Retirement

A member of either the Teachers' or Employees' Retirement System may retire with reduced benefits after completing 25 years of eligibility service. Benefits are reduced by 0.5% per month for each month remaining until the retiree either attains age 60 or would have accumulated 30 years of creditable service, whichever is less. The maximum reduction for a Teachers' or Employees' Retirement System member is 30%.

An individual who is a member of either the Teachers' or Employees' Pension System on or before June 30, 2011, may retire with reduced benefits upon attaining age 55 with at least 15 years of eligibility service. Benefits are reduced by 0.5% per month for each month remaining until the retiree attains age 62. The maximum reduction for these members of the Teachers' or Employees' Pension System is 42%. An individual who becomes a member of either the Teachers' or Employees' Pension System on or after July 1, 2011, may retire with reduced benefits upon attaining age 60 with at least 15 years of eligibility service. Benefits are reduced by 0.5% per month for each month remaining until the retiree attains age 65. The maximum reduction for these members of the Teachers' or Employees' Pension System is 30%.

#### NOTE 10 RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

#### Maryland State Retirement and Pension System (Continued)

#### Disability and Death Benefits

Generally, a member covered under retirement plan provisions who is permanently disabled after five years of service receives a service allowance based on a minimum percentage (usually 25%) of the member's AFC. A member covered under pension plan provisions who is permanently disabled after accumulating five years of eligibility service receives a service allowance computed as if service had continued with no change in salary until the retiree attained age 62. Death benefits are equal to a member's annual salary as of the date of death plus all member contributions and interest.

#### **Contributions**

The Article sets contribution requirements of the active employees and the participating governmental units are established and may be amended by the MSRPS Board. Employees are required to contribute 6% - 7% of their annual pay, depending on which system the employee belongs. The state of Maryland is responsible for the net pension liability of TPS. The College's required contribution is for the normal cost and does not include any contribution for past service cost. As such, the state of Maryland is responsible for 100% of the net pension liability related to TPS and qualifies as a special funding situation. The state of Maryland did not make contributions on behalf of the College for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023.

The College's contractually required contribution for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, was \$2,244,645 and \$2,057,711, respectively, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with the state of Maryland and employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability (state only).

# <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, the College reported a liability of \$17,036,974 and \$14,403,360, respectively, for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and June 30, 2022, respectively, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of those dates. The College's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the College's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating government units, actuarially determined. As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, the College's proportion was 0.074% and 0.072%, respectively, an increase of .002% from the prior year.

For the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, the College recognized pension expense of \$952,190 and \$88,619, respectively. As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, the College reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources from the following sources:

#### NOTE 10 RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

## **Maryland State Retirement and Pension System (Continued)**

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
<u>2024</u>	Resources	Resources
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual		
Earnings on Plan Investments	\$ 1,720,807	\$ -
Change in Actuarial Assumptions	1,047,599	53,579
Change in Proportion and Proportionate Share	31,469	54,724
Change in Experience	598,799	684,616
Contributions Made Subsequent to the		
Measurement Date	2,030,123	<u></u> _
Total	\$ 5,428,797	\$ 792,919

The \$2,030,123 as of June 30, 2024, reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from the College's contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2025.

Deferred

Deferred

	De	eterrea	ļ	Deterred		
	Out	tflow of		Inflow of		
<u>2023</u>	Res	sources	Resources			
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual	<u></u>					
Earnings on Plan Investments	\$	236,611	\$	-		
Change in Actuarial Assumptions	1	,467,582		132,145		
Change in Proportion and Proportionate Share		535,151		276,834		
Change in Experience		-		933,620		
Contributions Made Subsequent to the						
Measurement Date	2	2,057,711				
Total	\$ 4	,297,055	\$	1,342,599		

The \$2,057,711 as of June 30, 2023, reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from the College's contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2024.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

#### NOTE 10 RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

#### Maryland State Retirement and Pension System (Continued)

			Defe	erred Outflov	vs of F	Resources			Deferred Inflows of Resources							
		Net														
	[	Difference			CI	nange in										
		Between			Pr	oportion										
	- 1	Projected		Change		and				Change	С	hange in				
Year Ending	a	and Actual	in	Actuarial	Pro	Proportionate Change in			in Actuarial		Proportionate		С	hange in		
June 30,		Earnings	As	sumptions	Share		Experience		Assumptions		Share		E	perience		
2025	\$	181,902	\$	419,983	\$	11,619	\$	133,277	\$	53,579	\$	18,007	\$	239,776		
2026		(90,283)		419,983		9,315		133,277		-		17,959		217,360		
2027		1,282,076		207,633		7,058		133,277		-		11,360		167,582		
2028		347,112		-		3,477		133,277		-	4,956			59,898		
2029		-		-		-		65,691		-		2,442		_		
Total	\$	1,720,807	\$	1,047,599	\$	31,469	\$	598,799	\$	53,579	\$	54,724	\$	684,616		

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability in the actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	2024	2023
Valuation Date	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022
Inflation - General	2.25%	2.25%
Inflation - Wage	2.75%	2.75%
Salary Increases	2.75% to 11.25%, Including Inflation	2.75% to 11.25%, Including Inflation
Investment Rate		
of Return	6.80%	6.80%
Mortality Rates	Pub-2010 Mortality Tables with	Pub-2010 Mortality Tables with
	Projected Generational Mortality	Projected Generational Mortality
	Improvements Based on the	Improvements Based on the
	MP-2018 Fully Generational	MP-2018 Fully Generational
	Mortality Improvement Scale	Mortality Improvement Scale

The economic and demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2023 valuation were adopted by the System's Board of Trustees based upon review of the System's experience study for the period 2014-2018, after completion of the June 30, 2018 valuations. Assumptions from the experience study including investment return, inflation, COLA increases, mortality rates, retirement rates, withdrawal rates, disability rates and rates of salary increase were adopted by the Board for the first use in the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. As a result, an investment return assumption of 6.80% and an inflation assumption of 2.25% were used in the June 30, 2023 valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-range expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return were adopted by the Board after considering input from the System's investment consultant(s) and actuary(s).

#### NOTE 10 RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

# <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)</u>

#### Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

For each major asset class that is included in the System's target asset allocation, these best estimates are summarized in the following table:

	20	24	20	23
		Long-Term		Long-Term
		Expected		Expected
	Target	Real Rate	Target	Real Rate
Asset Class	Allocation	of Return	Allocation	of Return
Public Equity	34.0 %	6.90 %	34.0 %	6.00 %
Private Equity	16.0	8.60	16.0	8.40
Rate Sensitive	20.0	2.60	21.0	1.20
Credit Opportunity	9.0	5.60	8.0	4.90
Real Assets	15.0	5.40	15.0	5.20
Absolute Return	6.0	4.40	6.0	3.50
Total	100.0 %		100.0 %	

The above was the System's Board-adopted asset allocation policy and best estimate of geometric real rates for each major asset class as of June 30, 2024.

For the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of the pension plan expense was 3.11% and (-2.97%), respectively. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

#### **Discount Rate**

The single discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.8% as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 6.8% as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Actuarial assumptions, long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments, discount rate, and pension plan fiduciary net position are available at https://sra.maryland.gov/comprehensive-annual-financial-reports.

#### NOTE 10 RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

# <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)</u>

Sensitivity of the College's' Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The College's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using a single discount rate that is one percentage-point lower and one percentage-point higher as of June 30 was as following:

		2024	
	_	Current	_
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(5.80%)	(6.80%)	(7.80%)
College's Proportionate Share	\$ 25,262,384	\$ 17,036,974	\$ 10,211,308
		2023	
	_	Current	_
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(5.80%)	(6.80%)	(7.80%)
College's Proportionate Share	\$ 22,099,338	\$ 14,403,360	\$ 8,017,483

#### **Optional Retirement Programs**

In addition to the Retirement and Pension System, the College also offers defined contribution retirement programs for faculty and professional staff. The College contributes 7.25% of base salary into these plans. At this time, the employee is not required to contribute to the plan. The amounts contributed by the College were \$1,325,567 and \$1,401,503 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Beginning in fiscal year 2006, a supplemental plan was introduced for certain employees whereby the College matched 100% (up to \$600) of all contributions made into the plan. There were no amounts matched for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023.

#### NOTE 11 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

#### State Employee and Retiree Health and Welfare Benefits Program of Maryland

Members of the State Retirement and Pension System of Maryland (the State System) and their dependents are provided postemployment health care benefits through the State Employee and Retiree Health and Welfare Benefits Program (the Plan), which is administered by the Department of Budget and Management. The Plan is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan established by the State Personnel and Pensions Article, Section 2-501 of the Annotated Code of Maryland. The Plan is self-insured to provide medical, hospitalization, prescription drug, and dental insurance benefits to eligible state employees, retirees, and their dependents.

#### NOTE 11 POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

# <u>State Employee and Retiree Health and Welfare Benefits Program of Maryland</u> (Continued)

The Secretary of the Department of Budget and Management has the authority to establish/amend benefit terms. The state does not distinguish employees by employer/ state agency. Instead, the state allocates the postemployment healthcare costs to all participating employers. As such, the state has elected to maintain the entire net postemployment benefit liability as a liability of the general fund of the state and has not allocated any liability to state entities, including the College.

#### Plan Description

Eligibility for the Plan is determined by various factors, including date of hire. Generally, employees hired before July 1, 2011 may enroll and participate in the Plan if the employee left state service with at least 16 years of creditable service, retired directly from state service with at least five years of creditable service, left state service with at least 10 years of creditable service and within five years of normal retirement age, or retired directly from state service with a disability retirement. Employees hired on or after July 1, 2011 may enroll and participate in the Plan if the employee left state service with at least 25 years of creditable service, retired directly from state service with at least 10 years of creditable service and within five years of normal retirement age, or retired directly from state service with a disability retirement.

## Funding Policy

The state subsidizes a portion of the covered medical, dental, prescription, and hospitalization costs, depending on the type of insurance plan. Costs for postretirement benefits are for state retirees and primarily funded by the state. The cost of retiree's health care benefits is expensed when paid and totaled \$2,207,274, \$1,669,040, and \$1,465,263 for the years ended June 30, 2024, 2023, and 2022, respectively.

#### NOTE 12 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

In the normal course of operations, certain claims have been brought against the College, which are in various stages of resolution. Management believes that the ultimate resolution of the claims will not have a material adverse effect on the College's financial position.

The College receives financial assistance from federal agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the College. The College's administration believes such disallowance, if any, would be immaterial.

As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, there was \$1,662,000 and \$1,575,000, respectively, of encumbrances and funds designated for future use reported in unrestricted net position. The College does not separately identify the reserve for encumbrances in unrestricted net position.

#### NOTE 13 RISK MANAGEMENT

The College is exposed to various risks of loss to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to and illness of employees; and natural disasters. The College participates in the state's various self-insurance programs. The state is self-insured for general liability, property and casualty, workers' compensation, environmental and anti-trust liabilities, and certain employee health benefits.

The state allocates the cost of providing claims servicing and claims payment by charging a "premium' to the College based on a percentage of the College's estimated current-year payroll or based on the average loss experienced by the College. This charge considers recent trends in actual claims experience of the state as a whole and makes provisions for catastrophic losses.

The College records a liability when it is probable that a loss has been incurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities recorded include a provision for claims incurred but not reported. Because actual claims liabilities depend on such complex factors such as inflation, changes in legal doctrines, and damage awards, actual claims could differ from estimates. Claims liabilities are re-evaluated periodically to take into consideration recently settled claims, the frequency of claims and other economic and social factors. Liabilities for incurred workers' compensation losses to be settled by fixed or reasonably determinable payments over a long period of time are reported at their present value using a 4% discount rate. The provision for workers' compensation is based upon a separately determined actuarial valuation for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2024, 2023, and 2022.

As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, the College has recorded \$287,000 and \$307,000, respectively, in liability associated with workers' compensation. The recorded amounts represent the actuary's allocation of the College's share of the state's overall liability under the workers' compensation program to the College. The workers' compensation liability activity for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, were as follows:

	Beginning				Amounts
	of Fiscal	Claims and		Balance	Due
	Year	Changes in	Claim	at Fiscal	Within
	Liability	Estimates	Payments	Year-End	One Year
Year Ended June 30, 2024	\$ 307,000	\$ 95,389	(115,389)	\$ 287,000	\$ 43,050
Year Ended June 30, 2023	442,000	(86,146)	(48,854)	307,000	46,050

#### NOTE 14 FUNCTIONAL CLASSIFICATIONS WITH NATURAL CLASSIFICATIONS

The financial statements show expenses by functional expense classification for the College. The following table reflects expenses for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, by natural classification:

Functional	Classifica	ation
Vear Ended	lune 30	2024

					Scholarships									
			Public	Academic	Student	Institutional	Operation	and	Auxiliary					
Natural Classification	Instruction	Research	Service	Support	Services	Support	of Plant	Fellowships	Enterprises	Total				
Salaries and Wages	\$ 13,269,502	\$ 675,813	\$ 18,456	\$ 599,161	\$ 6,405,426	\$ 10,554,188	\$ 1,778,411	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 33,300,957				
Benefits	4,856,170	62,631	-	187,990	2,451,477	4,026,532	1,103,881	-	-	12,688,681				
Supplies and Others Services	3,454,946	232,785	94,927	799,992	2,498,405	7,208,864	2,315,311	-	-	16,605,230				
Utilities	268	-	-	-	75	-	1,790,955	-	-	1,791,298				
Scholarships and Grants	3,925	3,772	-	-	51,000	6,058	2,617,925	4,171,349	-	6,854,029				
Auxiliary Enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12,197,309	12,197,309				
Other Operating Expenses	937,331	36,563	1,638	16,594	905,786	768,322	358,223	-	-	3,024,457				
Depreciation/Amortization						1,015,286	5,384,145		2,240,851	8,640,282				
Total Expenses	\$ 22,522,142	\$ 1,011,564	\$ 115,021	\$ 1,603,737	\$ 12,312,169	\$ 23,579,250	\$ 15,348,851	\$ 4,171,349	\$ 14,438,160	\$ 95,102,243				

#### Functional Classification Year Ended June 30, 2023

								Scholarships		
			Public	Academic	Student	Institutional	Operation	and	Auxiliary	
Natural Classification	Instruction	Research	Service	Service Support S		Support	of Plant	Fellowships	Enterprises	Total
Salaries and Wages	\$ 13,387,150	\$ 339,760	\$ 30,932	\$ 667,087	\$ 5,816,689	\$ 9,006,637	\$ 1,690,123	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 30,938,378
Benefits	4,383,559	36,527	619	203,465	2,044,178	3,166,303	719,496	-	-	10,554,147
Supplies and Others Services	2,812,000	226,516	145,275	644,497	2,280,996	6,144,536	1,941,698	-	-	14,195,518
Utilities	-	-	-	-	1,134	-	2,035,466	-	-	2,036,600
Scholarships and Grants	1,900	7,544	-	-	58,476	500	2,570,596	3,915,534	-	6,554,550
Auxiliary Enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,205,599	11,205,599
Other Operating Expenses	825,240	16,280	240	13,072	840,410	411,762	312,134	-	-	2,419,138
Depreciation/Amortization							6,135,146		2,241,942	8,377,088
Total Expenses	\$ 21,409,849	\$ 626,627	\$ 177,066	\$ 1,528,121	\$ 11,041,883	\$ 18,729,738	\$ 15,404,659	\$ 3,915,534	\$ 13,447,541	\$ 86,281,018

# ST. MARY'S COLLEGE OF MARYLAND SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY FOR THE MARYLAND STATE RETIREMENT AND PENSION SYSTEM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		2024		2023	2022	_	2021	_	2020	_	2019	 2018	2017	_	2016		2015
The College's Proportion Share of the Net Pension Liability		0.0720 %		0.0720 %	0.0665 %		0.0657 %		0.0658 %		0.0711 %	0.0631 %	0.0630 %		0.0653 %		0.0527 %
The College's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	17,036,974	\$	14,403,360	\$ 9,971,647	\$	14,782,397	\$	13,515,853	\$	15,363,945	\$ 12,860,838	\$ 13,993,622	\$	12,765,491	\$	9,357,255
The State and Other Agencies Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	21	1,412,141,314	1	8,637,390,085	13,924,856,420		21,077,742,614		19,271,734,708		19,658,670,252	 20,377,342,874	 22,159,462,781		19,523,567,189		16,773,721,793
Total	\$ 21	1,429,178,288	\$ 1	8,651,793,445	\$ 13,934,828,067	\$	21,092,525,011	\$	19,285,250,561	\$	19,674,034,197	\$ 20,390,203,712	\$ 22,173,456,403	\$	19,536,332,680	\$	16,783,079,048
The College's Covered Payroll	\$	9,610,796	\$	7,952,029	\$ 7,668,315	\$	7,427,117	\$	7,089,117	\$	8,039,980	\$ 6,770,003	\$ 7,617,655	\$	8,417,606	\$	8,417,606
The College's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		177 %		181 %	130 %		199 %		191 %		191 %	190 %	184 %		152 %		111 %
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability		76 %		82 %	82 %		71 %		71 %		71 %	69 %	66 %		66 %		72 %

# ST. MARY'S COLLEGE OF MARYLAND SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE PENSION PLAN LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	 2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	 2019	2018	 2017	_	2016	 2015
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 2,244,645	\$ 2,057,711	\$ 1,692,515	\$ 1,581,573	\$ 1,437,173	\$ 1,351,566	\$ 1,460,178	\$ 1,449,233	\$	1,340,082	\$ 1,294,706
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	 (2,244,645)	(2,057,711)	(1,692,515)	(1,581,573)	(1,437,173)	(1,351,566)	(1,460,178)	(1,449,233)	_	(1,340,082)	(1,294,706)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -						
College's Covered Payroll	\$ 10,567,211	\$ 9,610,796	\$ 7,952,029	\$ 7,668,315	\$ 7,427,117	\$ 7,089,117	\$ 8,039,980	\$ 6,770,003	\$	7,617,655	\$ 8,417,606
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	21 %	21 %	21 %	21 %	19 %	19 %	18 %	21 %		18 %	15 %

# ST. MARY'S COLLEGE OF MARYLAND SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Contractually Required Contribution Contributions in Relation to the	\$ 2,207,274	\$ 1,669,040	\$ 1,465,263	\$ 1,283,023	\$ 1,262,795	\$ 1,314,194	\$ 1,089,176	\$ 1,471,022
Contractually Required Contribution	(2,207,274)	(1,669,040)	(1,465,263)	(1,283,023)	(1,262,795)	(1,314,194)	(1,089,176)	(1,471,022)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	<u> </u>	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	<u>\$ -</u>
College's Covered Payroll	\$ 10,567,211	\$ 9,610,796	\$ 7,952,029	\$ 7,668,315	\$ 7,427,117	\$ 7,089,117	\$ 8,039,980	\$ 6,770,003
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	21 %	17 %	18 %	17 %	17 %	19 %	18 %	21 %

The schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, information prior to June 30, 2017 is not available.

# ST. MARY'S COLLEGE OF MARYLAND NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

# MARYLAND STATE RETIREMENT AND PENSION SYSTEM

#### NOTE 1 CHANGES IN BENEFIT TERMS

There were no benefit changes during the years 2015 through 2023.

#### NOTE 2 CHANGES IN ASSUMPTIONS

Inflation assumptions changed as follows:

June 30, 2023	2.75 %
June 30, 2022	2.25
June 30, 2021	2.25
June 30, 2020	2.60
June 30, 2019	2.60
June 30, 2018	2.60
June 30, 2017	2.65
June 30, 2016	2.70
June 30, 2015	2.70

Investment return assumption changed as follows:

June 30, 2023	6.80 %
June 30, 2022	6.80
June 30, 2021	6.80
June 30, 2020	7.40
June 30, 2019	7.40
June 30, 2018	7.45
June 30, 2017	7.50
June 30, 2016	7.55
June 30, 2015	7.65

